



Date of procedure					
Trainee name			Membership no. (eg. GMC/NMC)		
Trainer name			Membership no. (eg. GMC/NMC)		
Polyp type	Stalked		Small sessile lesion/EMR		
Please tick appropriate box					
Polyp site		Polyp size	(mm)		
Difficulty of case	Easy	Moderate			Complicated
Please tick appropriate box					

Maximal	Significant	Minimal	Competent	Not
supervision	supervision	supervision	for	applicable
Supervisor	Trainee	Trainee	independent	
			practice	
			no supervision	
-	•		required	
verbal prompts	and verbal	and verbal		
	prompts	prompts		
Optimisir	ng view of / acc	ess to the polyp)	
	Stalked pol	yps	1	1
	supervision Supervisor undertakes the majority of the tasks/decisions & delivers constant verbal prompts	supervision supervision Supervisor Trainee undertakes the undertakes tasks majority of the requiring tasks/decisions & frequent delivers constant supervisor input verbal prompts off requent Optimising view of / accord and verbal Image: supervision input inprompts	supervisionsupervisionsupervisionSupervisorTraineeTraineeundertakes theundertakes tasksundertakes tasksmajority of therequiringrequiringtasks/decisions &frequentoccasionaldelivers constantsupervisor inputand verbalpromptspromptsprompts	supervision supervision rainee undertakes tasks supervision for independent undertakes the majority of the tasks/decisions & delivers constant undertakes tasks requiring frequent supervisor input and verbal prompts Supervisor input and verbal prompts for independent practice no supervision required Optimising view of / access to the polyp Image: supervision and verbal prompts Image: supervision and verbal prompts Image: supervision required Image: supervision and verbal

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Level of supervision	Maximal	Significant	Minimal	Competent	Not
	supervision	supervision	supervision	for	applicable
	supervision	supervision	supervision	-	applicable
				independe	
				nt practice	
Places snare at					
appropriate position on					
the stalk					
Mobilises polyp and					
applies appropriate					
degree of diathermy					
Comments					
Sn	nall sessile les	ions / Endosco	pic mucosal re	esection	
Adequate sub mucosal					
injection					
Checks lesion lifts					
adequately					
Selects appropriate					
snare size					
Directs snare accurately					
over the lesion					
Correctly selects en-bloc					
or piecemeal removal					
depending on size					
Appropriate positioning					
of snare over lesion as					
snare closed					
Tents lesion gently away					
from the mucosa					
Uses cold snare					
technique or applies					
appropriate diathermy					
Ensures adequate					
haemostasis prior to					
further resection					
Comments					
		Bost polypos	tomy		
Examines remnant		Post polypec			
stalk/polyp base					
Identifies and					
appropriately treats					
residual polyp					
Identifies bleeding and					
performs adequate					
endoscopic hemostasis					
if appropriate					
Retrieves, or attempts					
retrieval of polyp					

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Level of supervision	on	Maximal supervision	Significant supervision		nimal pervision	Compet for indeper nt pract	nde	Not applicable
Places tattoo								
competently, whe	ere							
appropriate								
Comments								
		ENITS (ndossonis non t	achn	ical chille)			
Communication a			endoscopic non-t	lecnn	ical skiiisj			
teamwork	na							
Situation awaren	955							
Leadership								
•								
Judgement and de making	ecision							
Comments								
comments								
The o	hiectives sh		ng Objectives for ne trainee's personal de			once DOPS is	comple	eted
1.								
2.								
3.								
Overall	Maxim	nal	Significant		Minimal		Com	petent for
Degree of	Superv	vision	Supervision		Supervisio	n	inde	pendent
Supervision		or undertakes	Trainee undertakes ta	sks	Trainee under		prac	tice
required	,	rity of the cisions & delivers	requiring frequent supervisor input and		requiring occa supervisor inp		no sup	pervision required
		verbal prompts	verbal prompts		verbal prompt			
Please tick								
appropriate box								

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DOPyS form descriptors

	Optimising view of / access to the polyp
Achieves optimal	Ensures clear views by aspiration/insufflation/wash and maintains optimal polyp
polyp views and	position (5-6'0'clock). Takes appropriate action for position correction and clear
position	views throughout the procedure.
Determines full	Demonstrates assessing and determining full extent of the lesion using adjunctive
extent of lesion	measures (e.g. bubble breaker, NBI, dye spray etc.) as appropriate
Adjusts/stabilises	Ensures the scope is maintained in a stable position if needed involving an assistant
scope position	to hold the scope for stable platform before polypectomy
Chooses	Chooses appropriate polypectomy technique safely without errors taking into
appropriate	account size, morphology, site and access (SMSA concept)
polypectomy	
technique	
Checks	Ensures the appropriate equipment (e.g. injection, forceps, snare, clips, rothnet etc.)
equipment and	are available and functioning. Ensures the snare is marked appropriately in the
snare closure	handle before attempting insertion.
prior to insertion	
Checks	Ensures the diathermy settings are appropriate for the techniques used and no
appropriate	contraindication for diathermy. Ensures the diathermy is available and functioning.
diathermy	Ensures pads are attached and foot pedal accessible.
settings	
Photo-documents	Ensures accurate photo-documentation pre and post polypectomy
pre and post	
polypectomy	
	Stalked polyps
Selects	Demonstrates ability to always choose correct snare size appropriate to the polyp.
appropriate snare	
size	
Directs snare	Demonstrates ability to use angulation controls, torque to steer snare over polyp
accurately over	head accurately and appropriately.
polyp head	Development of the training of the second seco
Correctly selects en-bloc or	Demonstrates ability to judge and correctly select en-bloc or piecemeal removal of
piecemeal	the polyp depending on its size
removal	
depending on	
size	
5120	
Advances snare	Ensures that snare sheath is advances slowly and in a controlled fashion towards the
sheath towards	stalk as the snare is closed
stalk as snare	
closed	
Places snare at	Ensures that snare is appropriately placed midway between polyp head and stalk
appropriate	base
position on the	
stalk	
Mobilises polyp	Ensures that appropriate amount of tissue is snared and the polyp stalk is mobile.
and applies	Ensures that the polyp stalk tents away from mucosa towards the contralateral wall.
appropriate	Demonstrates application of appropriate degree of diathermy with no evidence of
degree of	contra-lateral burns or cutting through too quickly causing bleeding.
diathermy	

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	Small sessile lesions / endoscopic mucosal resection
Adequate sub	Demonstrates accurate injection(injection at 45 degree and gradual withdrawal as
mucosal	lesion lifts) of the submucosa maintaining excellent views of the lesion
injection	
Checks lesion	Ensures and checks that lesion is lifting adequately and only proceeds if lesion lifts
lifts adequately	adequately.
Selects	Demonstrates ability to always choose correct snare size appropriate to the polyp.
appropriate	
snare size	
Directs snare	Demonstrates ability to use angulation controls, torque to steer snare over lesion
accurately over	accurately and appropriately.
the lesion	
Correctly selects	Demonstrates ability to judge and correctly select en-bloc or piecemeal removal of
en-bloc or	the polyp depending on its size.
piecemeal	
removal	
depending on	
size	
Appropriate	Demonstrates ability to position snare appropriately over lesion as snare is closed.
positioning of	
snare over lesion	
as snare closed	
Tents lesion	Ensures no additional tissue is trapped within snare by checking snare marking and
gently away from	tenting lesion away from mucosa mobilising the snare
the mucosa	
Uses cold snare	Demonstrates ability to judge and use cold snare technique or Demonstrates
technique or	application of appropriate degree of diathermy with no evidence of contra-lateral
applies	burns or cutting through too quickly causing bleeding.
appropriate	
diathermy	
Ensures	Demonstrates checking for bleeding and always ensures adequate haemostasis is achieved before further resection
adequate haemostasis	
prior to further	
resection	
resection	Post polypectomy
Examines	Demonstrates examining remnant stalk/polyp base thoroughly to check for bleeding
remnant	and any residual polyp tissue
stalk/polyp base	
Identifies and	Ensures that any residual polyp is identified and appropriately resected or treated (
appropriately	e.g. APC)
treats residual	
polyp	
Identifies	Demonstrates identification of bleeding and ensures appropriate treatment method
bleeding and	(e.g. clips, APC etc.) are applied adequately to ensure endoscopic haemostasis.
performs	
adequate	
endoscopic	
hemostasis if	
appropriate	
Retrieves, or	Ensures polyp retrieval using appropriate method (e.g. forceps, snare, rothnet etc.)
attempts	according to size of polyp. Demonstrates checking for complete removal of polyp
retrieval of polyp	tissue and confirms retrieval with endoscopy staff

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Places tattoo	Demonstrates ability to use tattoo in appropriate setting. Ensures raised bleb before
	switching to appropriate ink and places appropriate number of tattoos
competently,	switching to appropriate ink and places appropriate number of tattoos
where	
appropriate	
	ENTS (endoscopic non-technical skills)
Communication	Gives and receives knowledge and information in a clear and timely fashion.
and teamwork	Ensures that both the team and the endoscopist are working together from the
	same information and understand the 'big picture' of the case.
	Ensures that the patient is at the centre of the procedure, emphasising safety,
	comfort and giving information in a clear and understandable fashion
Situation	Maintains continuous evaluation of the patient's condition.
awareness	Ensures lack of distractions and maintains concentration, particularly during difficult
	situations.
Leadership	Provides emotional and cognitive support to team members by tailoring leadership
	and teaching style appropriately.
	Supports safety and quality by adhering to current protocols and codes of clinical
	practice.
	Adopts a calm and controlled demeanour when under pressure. Utilising all
	resources to maintain control of the situation and taking responsibility for patient
	outcome.
Judgement and	Considers options and possible courses of action to solve an issue or problem,
decision making	including assessment of risk and benefit.
	Chooses a solution to a problem, communicates this to team members and
	implements it
	Reviews outcomes of procedure or options for dealing with problems. Reflects on
	issues and institutes changes to improve practice

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